

NBA / NBAF Innovation Committee

IMPLEMENTING A COPORATE WIDE AI POLICY IN THE AGE OF AI

August 1st, 2025

National Bankers

Association Foundation

Why have an AI Corporate Policy in the Age of AI?

Why is a Corporate Al Policy Important?









Financial Regulations



Financial Inclusion



Risk Management





- Establishes Control over Data Management and Access Within Your Organization
 Imperative when third party vendors require access to customer financial data

 Establish infrastructure to control access to customer financial data
- Guides Staff Training and Day-to-Day Operation Around Customer Data Privacy and Security
- Creates Protocols for Audits and Transparency on the Use of AI with Customer Data Flags unauthorized access and practices
- Scopes Remedial Procedures in Cases of Eventual Data Breaches

Compliance with Financial Regulations



Consumer Financial Protection Bureau (CFPB)*
 Applications involving lending
 Consumer facing applications like chatbots



Financial Industry Regulatory Authority (FINRA)**
 Issued guidance on use of AI by financial institutions especially banks
 AI policy strongly recommended by FINRA in latest guidance



Gramm-Leach-Bliley Act ***
 Banking regulation that covers consumer data privacy and security
 Enforced by Federal Trade Commission (FTC)



^{*} https://www.consumerfinance.gov/about-us/blog/cfpb-has-entered-the-chat/ https://bankingjournal.aba.com/2024/08/cfpb-to-crack-down-on-bank-chatbots/

^{**} https://www.finra.org/rules-guidance/key-topics/fintech/report/artificial-intelligence-in-the-securities-industry/key-challenges

^{***} https://www.ftc.gov/business-guidance/privacy-security/gramm-leach-bliley-act

Al Policy an Agent for Financial Inclusion



- A Corporate AI Policy allows for Executive Board Level Ethical Concerns to be Addressed
- Al Policy Should Ensure a Safe, Fair and Compliant Al Utilization including input, consultation and approval from Executive Board Members
- An Al Policy Helps to Combat Against Bias in Al's Customer Decisioning for Financial Institutions Providing Services to Ethnic Minorities
- An AI Policy Helps Emphasize An Organizational Wide adoption of Financial Inclusion Themes In Their Utilization Of AI Technology Financial Service

Risk Management Best Practice



- Developing a Corporate AI Policy Is Recommended Best Practice for Risk Management for Financial Institutions
- National Institute of Standards and Technology (NIST) Has Developed an AI Risk Management Framework (RMF)
 That Is Recommended to Banks to Help Manage The Risks That They Are Exposed to In Their Utilization Of AI for Their Operations *
- Most AI tools Are Provided by External Third-Party Vendors, Thus, Necessitating The Need For Policies That Guide
 The Integration of These Third-party Vendors
- Certain Artificial Intelligence Applications Can Introduce Regulatory and Operational Risks Which Need to be Mitigated

^{*} https://www.nist.gov/itl/ai-risk-management-framework

Elements of an AI Corporate Policy

Elements of a Corporate Al Policy

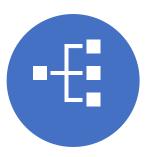




AI OFFICER/ PERSONNEL



TERMINOLOGY DEFINITIONS



ORGANIZATION CONTROLS



SAFETY & AUDIT
CONTROLS



ETHICAL CONSIDERATIONS



ACCEPTABLE USE CASES



THIRD PARTY RISK CONTROLS

RESPONSIBILITIES

Defining an Al Officer Role



Coordination of Staff Training On AI Use

- Risk Assessment of New Vendors And Al Applications
- Regulatory Risk Assessment of Al Applications
- Point of Report for AI Incidents Especially with New Vendor AI Tools or Other AI Applications
- Crafts AI Strategy And Goals of Organization Why Are We Using AI?
 What Do We Want To Accomplish?
- Updates Organization on Latest News And Development On AI Use

TERMINOLOGIES

Establishing Definitions of Terminologies



List All Terminologies & Jargons Used In Corporate Al Policy

- Clearly Define Each Listed Terminology. Avoid Using Technical Terms in Terminology Description
- Give Examples to Explain Terminologies Where Necessary
- Refer to Terminologies Where Necessary in the Body of AI Policy for Easy Readership and Understanding
- Reference External Resources to Provide Further Information on Terminologies, Especially Technical Jargons

Organization Control & Mapping





A Mapping of Bank Operations Impacted by AI Technology and Its Interconnectedness



Delineation of Control Measures/Stops Gaps To Deactivate Al Technology & Contain Impact Spread in Case of an Incidence



Back-Up Protocol to Operate without AI Technology



Remedial Actions & Strategies In Event of Incidence – Incidence Plan & Disaster Recovery Plan

SAFE OPERATIONS

Safety Controls



- List of AI platforms and Infrastructure That Can be Used by Staff
- Data Privacy Considerations for ChatGPT Like Tools and AI Third Party Vendors
- Controls on Data Entry into ChatGPT /AI platforms

There are custom tools that flag/auto-redact personal identifiable information (PII) when typed into AI tools

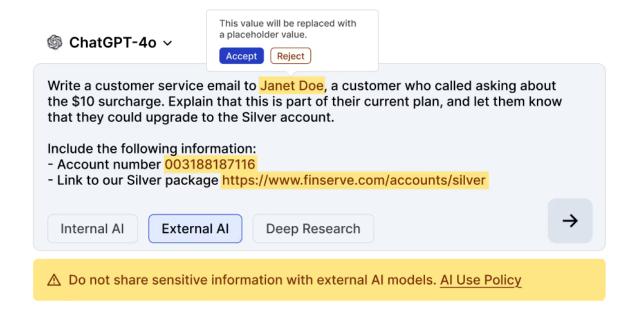


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CONTROLS & LOG

Audit Controls



- Information Security Requirements
 Standard Cybersecurity Policies
- Establishment of Al Activity Logging System
- Authentication & Login Protocols
 Staff login required for all AI-Tools
 Allows for easy audit Who did what?
- Role-based Data Access & Functionality Control

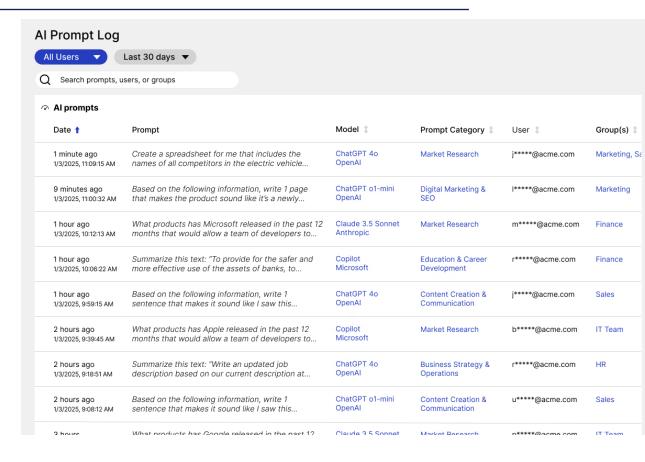


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AI GOVERNANCE

Ethics in the Age of Al



- Policies Should Ensure a Safe, Fair and Compliant AI Utilization
- Align Al Operational Framework & Applications to Organizational Values and Regulatory Themes

Thorough and Clear Understanding of AI Use Case across Departments and Their Interconnectedness Understanding AI Talent Recruitment

- Ethical and Value Alignment with Al Third-Party Vendors
- Establish Framework for Staff to Report Ethical Concerns with AI Applications

JSE-CASES

Acceptable Use Cases



- Clearly Delineate and Give Examples of Acceptable Use Cases
 Describe Overarching Doctrine Guiding Acceptable Use Cases
- Also Delineate Forbidden Use Cases and Provide Examples
- Establish Protocol for Ascertaining if an Application Is an Acceptable Use Intake Forms Submitted to AI Officer for Reviewing New Use Cases
 Protocol for Staff to Seek Clarity on New Use Cases
- Document Consequences for Acceptable Use-Case Violations

Third-Party Risk Management Controls



- Certifications Required of Third-Party Vendors SOC I, SOC II and ISO/IEC 27001
- Security Tests Required of Third-Party Vendors
 List of Types of Tests E.g. Penetration Testing, Vulnerability Scan, etc.
 Required Periodic Schedule for these Tests
- Third-Party Vendor Audit Requirements & Audit Schedule
- Policy on Data Storage

Determining Whether to Host In-House, or Trusting Vendor's Cloud Infrastructure Determining Critical/Non-Critical Operations:

When Can Data Leave the Bank Infrastructure?
When Can Data be Hosted in Third Party Environment?





SUMMARY



- The organization is advised to designate an AI Officer responsible for coordinating AI training, overseeing risk assessments, managing vendor relationships, monitoring AI incidents, and updating the organization on AI developments.
- Safety controls are recommended, including restricting staff to approved AI platforms, enforcing data privacy and cybersecurity protocols, and managing information flow to online AI tools like ChatGPT and vendor solutions.
- Audit protocols should cover information security, authentication, and role- based data access controls to ensure robust oversight of AI systems.
- The committee stressed the importance of ethical AI use—establishing safe, fair, and compliant practices, auditing stakeholder readiness, and building internal champions to drive long-term trust and adoption.

Open Discussion & Closing